Message Text

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ACTION EUR-12

INFO OCT-01 AF-06 ISO-00 EURE-00 SSO-00 NSCE-00 INRE-00

USIE-00 IO-11 CIAE-00 DODE-00 PM-04 H-02 INR-07 L-03

NSAE-00 NSC-05 PA-01 PRS-01 SP-02 SS-15 OMB-01 SAJ-01

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O R 051805Z FEB 76 FM AMEMBASSY PARIS TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 7565 USMISSION USUN IMMEDIATE INFO AMEMBASSY TANANARIVE AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM

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E.O. 11652: GDS TAGS: PFOR UNSC CN

SUBJECT: COMORO ISLANDS IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL:

BACKGROUND AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1. FOR BENEFIT OF DEPARTMENT AND USUN IN CONTEXT CURRENT SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE ON COMORO ISLAND COMPLAINT AGAINST FRANCE, FOLLOWING IS HISTORICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROBLEM ALONG WITH EMBASSY'S RECOMMENDATION FOR A USG POSITION.

2. GOF DECISIONS ON INDEPENDENCE

IN LAST YEAR OF POMPIDOU PRESIDENCY, 1973-1974, PRIME MINISTER MESSMER TOOK DECISION THAT COMOROS WOULD BEGIN TRANSITION TO INDEPENDENCE BASED ON SELF-DETERMINATION OF COMORO PEOPLE. MESSMER STIPULATED THAT EACH OF THE FOUR ISLANDS WOULD BE CONSULTED SEPARATELY BY REFERENDUM ON WHETHER THEY DESIRED INDEPENDENCE OR TO REMAIN ASSOCIATED WITH FRANCE IN SOME WAY. THIS DECISION ON SEPARATE CONSULTATIONS ON THE FOUR CONFIDENTIAL

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ISLANDS WAS BASED LARGELY ON INTENSIVE LOBBYING BY

MAYOTTE INTERESTS WHO WERE WELL ORGANIZED IN PARIS. THE DESIRE OF MAYOTTE'S POPULATION TO REMAIN FRENCH STRUCK A RESPONSIVE CHORD AMONG GAULLISTS.

3. GISCARD'S ACTIONS

POMPIDOU DIED AND GISCARD CAME TO POWER BEFORE ANY ACTION WAS TAKEN ON COMOR INDEPENDENCE. UNDER GISCARD, THE DOSSIER WAS REOPENED, AND THE MESSMER DECISION WAS MODIFIED. COMOROS WOULD CONTINUE THE TRANSITION TO INDEPENDENCE, BUT THE FOUR ISLANDS WOULD BE CONSULTED AS A SINGLE UNIT, WITH WINNER TAKE ALL INDEPENDENCE OF CONTINUED ASSOCIATION WITH FRANCE.

- 4. GISCARD'S DECISION TO GRANT INDEPENDENCE TO COMOROS AS A UNIT BASED ON GOF'S OVERALL AFRICAN POLICY. SINCE CARDINAL PRINCIPLE OF OAU IS THAT INDEPENDENCE MUST BE BASED ON ORIGINAL COLONIAL BOUNDARIES, GOF DID NOT WISH TO UNDERMINE ITS RELATIVELY SUCCESSFUL POSITION IN AFRICA THROUGH DISMEMBERMENT OF COMOROS COLONIAL ENTITY. ON BASIS THIS REASONING, GOF PREPARED NECESSARY REFERENDUM, WHICH TOOK PLACE ON DECEMBER 22, 1974. COMORO POPULATION VOTED OVERWHELMINGLY FOR INDEPENDENCE, BUT THE VOTE ON THE ISLAND OF MAYOTTE WAS OVERWHELMINGLY IN FAVOR OF CONTINUED ASSOCIATION WITH FRANCE. IGNORING THE MAYOTTE VOTE, AND FAITHFUL TO ITS POLICY, THE GISCARD GOVERNMENT THEN PREPARED THE NECESSARY INDEPENDENCE LEGISLATION TO BE ENACTED BY PARLIAMENT.
- 5. THE BILL SURFACED IN PARLIAMENT IN JUNE 1975. BETWEEN THE DECEMBER 1974 REFERENDUM AND THE JUNE 1975
 PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE, THE MAYOTTE LOBBY WORKED VERY HARD AND EFFECTIVELY. AS A RESULT, THE ENTIRE GAULLIST AND CENTRIST MAJORITY QUICKLY AMENDED THE BILL TO CALL FOR A NEW REFERENDUM ON AN ISLAND-BY-ISLAND BASIS. THE GOVERNMENT ACCEPTED THE AMENDMENTS BECAUSE IT HAD NO OTHER CHOICE. IT WAS THE AMENDED BILL OR NO INDEPENDENCE.
- 6. THE PARLIAMENTARY VOTE TRIGGERED INTERNAL FORCES IN THE COMOROS WHERE THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES DECLARED THEIR CONFIDENTIAL.

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INDEPENDENCE ON JULY 6, 1975, IN DEFIANCE OF THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY. THE GOF HAD NO CHOICE, AT THAT POINT, BUT TO PROTECT THE PEOPLE OF MAYOTTE AND TO CONSIDER THE OTHER THREE ISLANDS AS DE FACTO INDEPENDENT. A MONTH LATER, THE COMOROS GOVERNMENT, WHICH HAD DECLARED ITSELF INDEPENDENT UNDER MOHAMMED DJAFFAR, WAS OVERTHROWN IN A COUP D'ETAT BY FORCES LED BY ALI SOILIHI. THE ANALYSIS OF MOST OBSERVERS AT THAT POINT WAS THAT

THE NEW REGIME WAS PRO-FRENCH, AND WOULD BE WILLING TO ACCEPT A LOOSE FEDERAL SYSTEM UNDER WHICH THE PEOPLE OF MAYOTTE WOULD HAVE SUFFICIENT AUTONOMY TO FEEL SECURE, AND WOULD THEREFORE BE WILLING TO JOIN AN INDEPENDENT COMORO NATION. THE PREVIOUS REGIME WAS HOSTILE TO FRANCE IN THE IDEOLOGICAL MODE OF NEIGHBORING TANZANIA AND MADAGASCAR. NEGOTIATIONS WERE THEREFORE OPENED, BUT

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INRE-00 USIE-00 CIAE-00 DODE-00 PM-04 H-02 INR-07

L-03 NSAE-00 NSC-05 PA-01 PRS-01 SP-02 SS-15 OMB-01

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O R 051805Z FEB 76 FM AMEMBASSY PARIS TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 7566 USMISSION USUN IMMEDIATE INFO AMEMBASSY TANANARIVE AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM 0802

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THE TWO ENTITIES WERE NOT ABLE TO GET TOGETHER DESPITE ALI SOILIHI'S MODERATION AND FRIENDLINESS TOWARD FRANCE. THE REASON WAS INTRANSIGENCE ON THE PART OF THE MAYOTTE LEADERSHIP. THEY KNEW THEY HAD THE FRENCH PARLIAMENT ON THEIR SIDE AND COULD GET AWAY WITH BEING INTRANSIGENT. THEY COULD SEE NO WAY OF ASSURING THEIR SECURITY AND IDENTITY IN A LARGER COMORO ENTITY, EVEN IN A LOOSELY FEDERATED ONE.

7. BECAUSE OF THE PARLIAMENTARY MANDATE, ANDIN VIEW OF

THE LACK OF PROGRESS IN NEGOTIATIONS ON A FEDERAL SYSTEM, THE GOF SET FEBRUARY 8, 1976, AS THE DATE FOR THE MAYOTTE REFERENDUM. THIS WILL GO AHEAD, AND THERE IS NO QUESTION BUT THAT THE POPULATION WILL VOTE TO REMAIN FRENCH. THE ONLY UNANSWERED QUESTION WILL BE THE FORM OF ASSOCIATION WITH FRANCE. ANOTHER REFERENDUM IN APRIL WILL DETERMINE IF MAYOTTE SHOULD BE A DEPARTMENT OF FRANCE LIKE THE ISLAND OF REUNION, OR AN OVERSEAS TERRITORY LIKE THE SOMALI COAST.

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- 8. THE BASIC PROBLEM IS ETHNIC AND HISTORICAL. THE POPULATION OF MAYOTTE IS MAINLY OF MALAGASY ORIGIN FROM THE SAKALAVA TRIBE ON THE WEST COAST OF MADAGASCAR. THE POPULATION OF THE OTHER THREE ISLANDS IS MAINLY AFROMUSLIM, SIMILAR TO THE ETHNIC GROUPS IN ZANZIBAR AND TANZANIA. IN ADDITION TO THIS CRUCIAL ETHNIC DIFFERENCE THERE IS A HISTORICAL DIFFERENCE WHICH ACCENTUATES MAYOTTE'S SEPARATE IDENTITY. MAYOTTE CAME UNDER FRENCH PROTECTION IN THE 1840'S. THE OTHER THREE ISLANDS BECAME PROTECTORATES ONLY IN THE 1880'S. MOREOVER, THE FOUR ISLANDS WERE NOT ADMINISTERED AS A SINGLE COMORO ENTITY UNTIL 1912. MAYOTTE POPULATION IS LARGELY CHRISTIAN.
- 9. THE OAU AND THE OTHER LDC'S ARE NOT SWAYED BY THE MAYOTTE ARGUMENT. THE GISCARD GOVERNMENT'S FAILURE TO SEE THE STRENGTH OF THE MAYOTTE LOBBY IN PARLIAMENT LED TO THE MISTAKE OF THEIR DECIDING TO GRANT INDEPENDENCE AS A SINGLE ENTITY WITHOUT THE ABILITY TO DELIVER. IT IS A SITUATION OF PARLIAMENT MAKING FOREIGN POLICY AGAINST THE WILL OF THE EXECUTIVE AND CAUSING EMBARRASSMENT FOR THE COUNTRY AS A WHOLE. IT IS ESPECIALLY UNFORTUNATE, BECAUSE THE CURRENT REGIME IN THE COMOROS IS MODERATE AND WILLING TO HAVE CLOSE ASSOCIATION WITH FRANCE. BUT THE MAYOTTE ISSUE IS NOT NEGOTIABLE EVEN FOR A MODERATE REGIME BECAUSE OF THE BASIC AND SACRED PRINCIPLE OF TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY. FOR THE OAU, OF COURSE, THIS IS THE ONLY PRINCIPLE THAT HOLDS AFRICAN UNITY TOGETHER.
- 10. RECOMMENDATION FOR POLICY. THE SITUATION IS VERY EMBARRASSING FOR THE FRENCH. THE EXECUTIVE AGREES WITH THE OAU, BUT THE PARLIAMENT RETAINS A GAULLIST SYMPATHY FOR MAYOTTE'S DESIRE TO REMAIN FRENCH. INDEED, THE GAULLISTS HAVE HAD LITTLE ELSE TO MAKE THEM FEEL LIKE GAULLISTS SINCE GISCARD CAME TO POWER. THE GOF WILL HAVE NO CHOICE, THEREFORE, BUT TO VETO A HARSH RESOLUTION, OR ABSTAIN ON A MILD ONE THEY COULD LIVE WITH. BECAUSE OF THE INTRACTABLE NATURE OF THE CONFLICT, IT WOULD APPEAR

WISEST FOR THE USG TO MAINTAIN A LOW PROFILE. WE DO NOT WANT TO MAKE LIFE HARDER FOR THE FRENCH THAN THEIR INTERCONFIDENTIAL

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NAL PROBLEMS HAVE ALREADY ACCOMPLISHED. ON THE OTHER HAND, WE SUPPORT THE TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY PRINCIPLE. OUR ONLY VIABLE OPTION WOULD BE TO ABSTAIN. AS OF EVENING FEBRUARY 5 GOF HAS NOT APPROACHED US CONCERNING OUR VOTE.

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Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994 Channel Indicators: n/a

Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED

Concepts: BRIEFING MATERIALS, FOREIGN POLICY POSITION

Control Number: n/a Copy: SINGLE Draft Date: 05 FEB 1976 Decaption Date: 01 JAN 1960 Decaption Note: Disposition Action: RELEASED Disposition Action: RELEASED
Disposition Approved on Date:
Disposition Authority: cobumhl
Disposition Case Number: n/a
Disposition Comment: 25 YEAR REVIEW
Disposition Date: 28 MAY 2004
Disposition Event:
Disposition History: n/a
Disposition Reason:
Disposition Remarks:
Document Number: 1976PARIS03640

Document Number: 1976PARIS03640 Document Source: CORE Document Unique ID: 00

Drafter: n/a Enclosure: n/a Executive Order: GS

Errors: N/A Film Number: D760044-0431

From: PARIS

Handling Restrictions: n/a

Image Path:

Legacy Key: link1976/newtext/t19760279/aaaacrfh.tel Line Count: 237

Locator: TEXT ON-LINE, ON MICROFILM Office: ACTION EUR Original Classification: CONFIDENTIAL Original Handling Restrictions: n/a Original Previous Classification: n/a Original Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a

Page Count: 5

Previous Channel Indicators: n/a
Previous Classification: CONFIDENTIAL Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a Reference: n/a

Review Action: RELEASED, APPROVED Review Authority: coburnhl

Review Comment: n/a Review Content Flags: Review Date: 16 APR 2004

Review Event:

Review Exemptions: n/a
Review History: RELEASED <16 APR 2004 by greeneet>; APPROVED <11 AUG 2004 by coburnhl>

Review Markings:

Margaret P. Grafeld Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 04 MÁY 2006

Review Media Identifier: Review Referrals: n/a Review Release Date: n/a Review Release Event: n/a **Review Transfer Date:** Review Withdrawn Fields: n/a

Secure: OPEN Status: NATIVE

Subject: COMORO ISLANDS IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL: BACKGROUND AND RECOMMENDATIONS TAGS: PFOR, PDEV, CN, FR, US, UNSC To: STATE USUN NEW YORK

Markings: Margaret P. Grafeld Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 04 MAY 2006